

Sri Ramakrishna

EE and RE Integration for Sustenance and Growth

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6th World Renewable Energy Technology Conference and Exhibition

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New Delhi



HIGHLIGHTS OF PRESENTATION

- Background About the Energy Management Course
- Present Scenario About the Energy Usage and Need for Integration of RE and EE Applications
- Compliance of Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency with future prospects
- One Case Study on Vapour Absorption Cooling System
- Way Forward and Acknowledgement

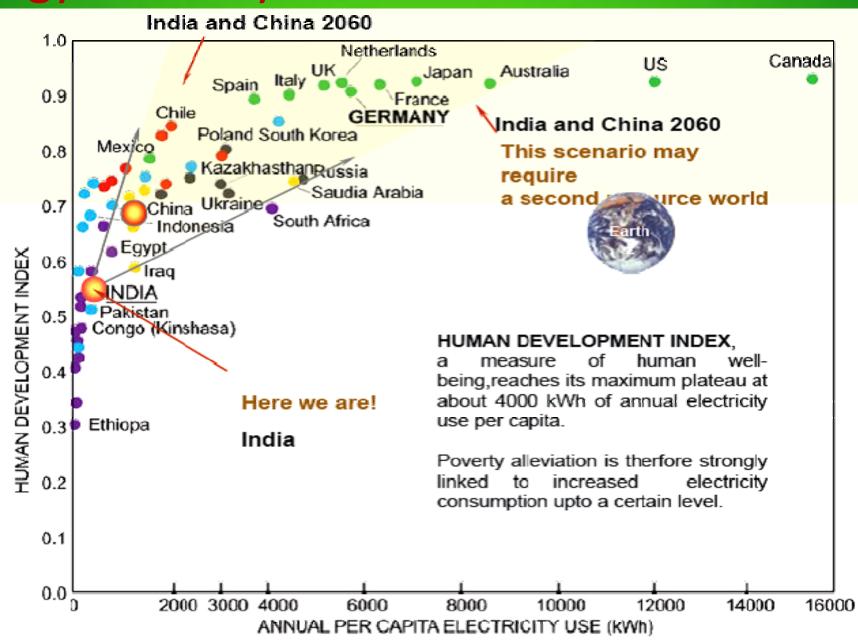
ENERGY MANAGEMENT INITIATIVES AT INDIA'S FIRST PREMIERE MANAGEMENT INSTITUTE

- Established in 1953, Energy
 Programmes since 1991, Rated A1+
- Full-time course two years Master
 Degree in Energy Management
 under University of Calcutta
- Short-term course Energy
 Management & Audit and ISO 50001
- Energy Club since 2000 Facilitator
- AEE Kolkata Chapter Since 2003
- Energy Research & Consultancy Projects, Ph D Programme
- ENERGY CONSERVATION DAY (since 2000) the 16th observance with 8th Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Business Forum on 14th December 2015 Kolkata

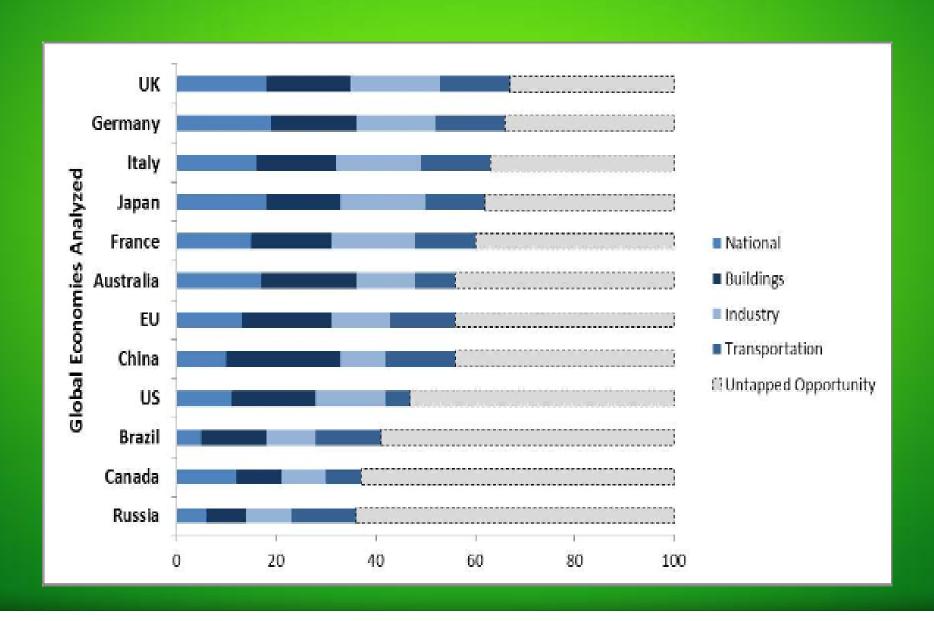




Energy Modesty – An Inconvenient Truth



International Energy Efficiency Score Card The American Council for Energy Efficient Economy (ACEEE) 2012



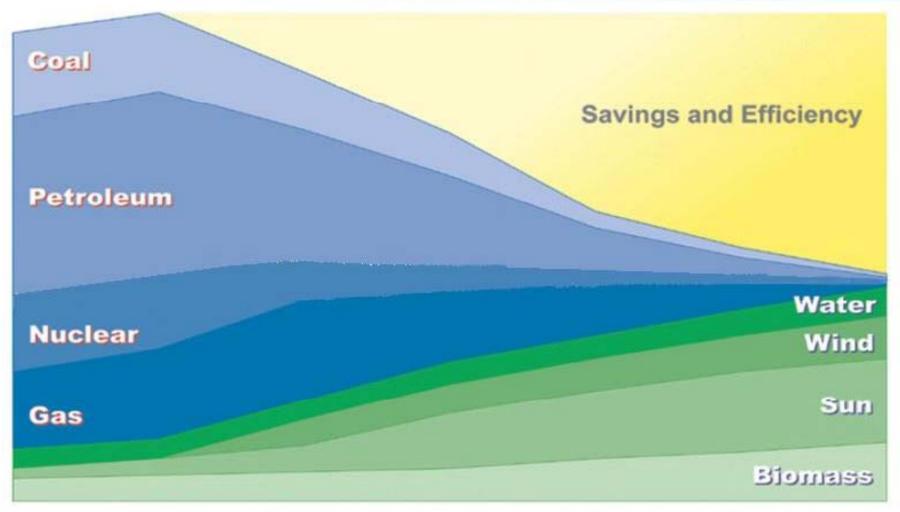




STRATEGIES

WWEA

Energy Scenario 2050 - Primary Energy Consumption



Source:
H. Lehmann
Wuppertal
Institute for
Clima,
Environment,
Energy

1990 2000 2010 2020 2030 2040 2050

INVESTMENT

INR 30 Crore /MW (APPROX. EQUIVALENT COST OF SPV AT 60% PLF) Vs INR 5 Crore/MW in COAL BASED THERMAL POWER PLANTS

FUEL COST

ABSENT

20000

14791

16817

CHALLENGES

HIGH INITIAL INVESTMENT; GRID-PARITY IS GOING TO BE ACHIEVED MAY BE IN NEAR FUTURE

MANUFACTURING THE SYSTEM STILL DEPENDS ON FOSSIL FUELS

Simple Pay Back Period						1.4 Years			
Equivalent Capacity Avoided						3581 MW			ıgs bic
Investment per Avoided						<inr one<="" th=""><th></th></inr>			
Capacity						Crore/MW			
2009	558	2377	3180	2451	359		5.65	12.4	4274
2008	368	1859	2493	2216	325		1.85	3.47	15729
2007	384	1843	2923	1620	308		1.25	5.86	15379
2006	CHALLENGES 122								
2005	CHALLENGES								122
2004	585								
2003	FOSSIL FUEL CONSUMPTION IS 181 588								
2002	366								
2001	REDUCED ONLY PARTLY								07
1999	1 123 203 340 203 43 1.02 2.13 2444								
Total 14 years		18675	26142	22133	358	1	33.65	149.53	228799



RE AND EE JOINING HANDS

- At Home and Offices -----> ECBC, 2007
- In Transport----> Biodiesel & Ethanol in EE Vehicles
- In Industry-----> Vapour Absorption Cooling
 Driven by RE or
 Waste Heat

GREEN ENERGY FOR COOLING

(TO BE PRESENTED IN WORLD ENERGY ENGINEERING CONGRESS 2015, ORLANDO, USA)

BASELINE CASE

- INVESTMENT FOR 33 TR VAM = INR 2808853
- LIFE CYCLE COST = INR 20715685
- CO₂ EMISSION THROUGH LIFE IF ELECTRICITY IS TAKEN
 FROM GRID = 492480 kg

INTERVENTION CASE

- INVESTMENT WHEN RUN ON RE = INR 3821221
- LIFE CYCLE COST = INR 23431506
- WITH NO CO₂ EMISSION, REQUIRED CARBON PAYMENT = INR 3193/Ton CO₂
- AS GRID RELIABILITY REDUCES, THE INTERVENTION CASE BECOMES MARKET COMETITIVE TO BASELINE CASE

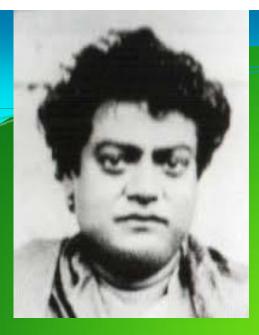
WAY FORWARD



Integrated Approaches towards Promotion of Energy Efficiency, Conservation and Renewable

Energy ApplicationsEnergy Audit













"From the West we have to learn the sciences of physical nature, while on the other hand the West has to come to us to learn and assimilate religion and spiritual knowledge."

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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MNRE: Mr v K Jain

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THANK YOU