Energy Access Addressing inequalities

Satish B Agnihotri August 2015

India at the cusp of an opportunity with adequate political support

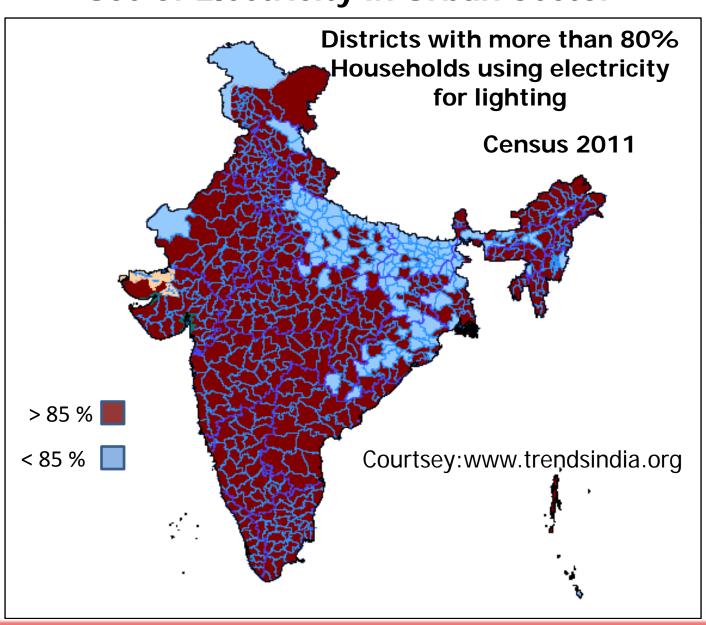
- Ambitious generation targets
- Make in India paradigm
- Electricity reach to each village
- Draft RE bill

Features of this conference:

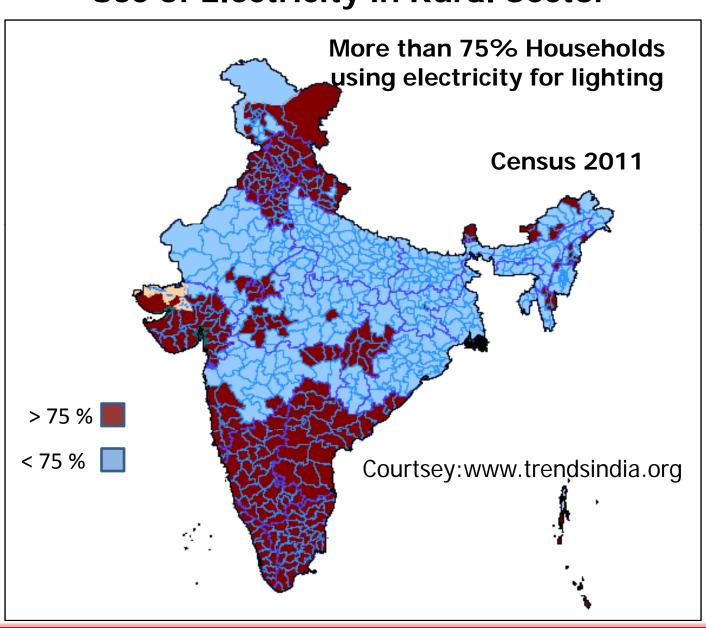
Between two RE-invests: Taking stock Emphasizing all sources; not just solar PV International experience:

- Learnings: Grid Management, Storage
- Opportunities: Business Collaborations
- Suggestions: Regulatory, Procedural Access inequities a major concern

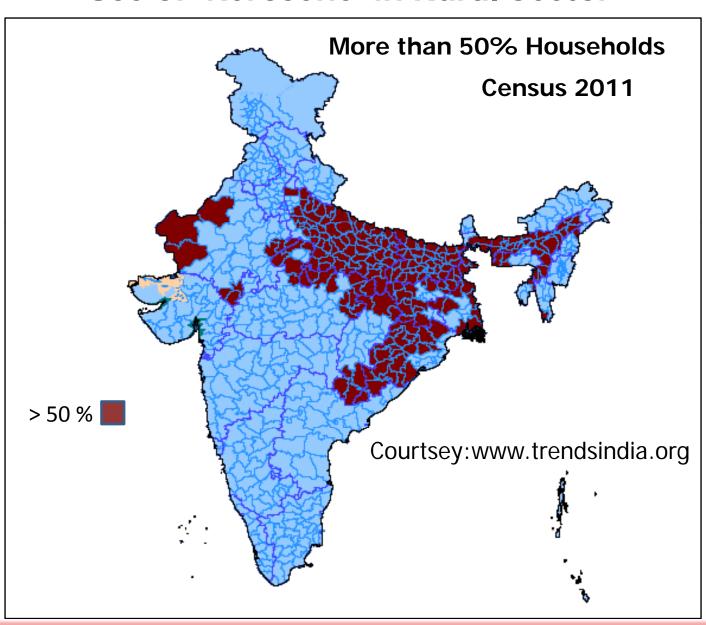
Sources of Light Use of Electricity in Urban Sector

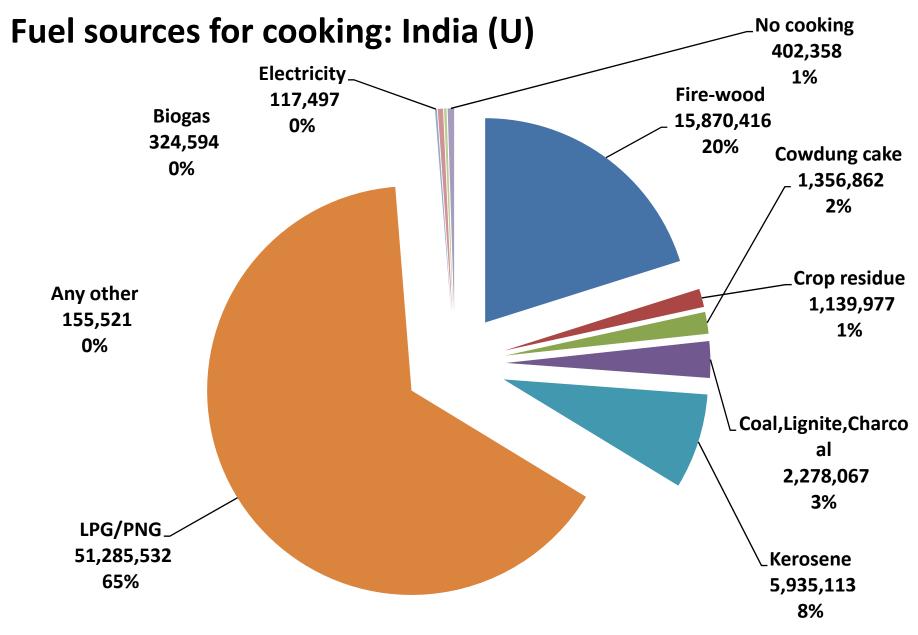


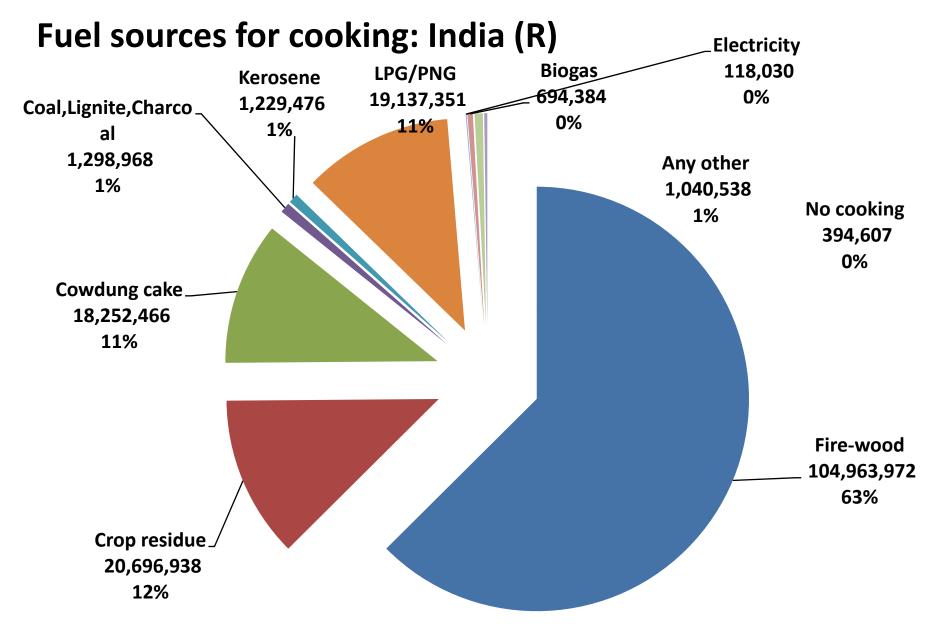
Source of Light Use of Electricity in Rural Sector



Source of Light Use of 'Kerosene' in Rural Sector



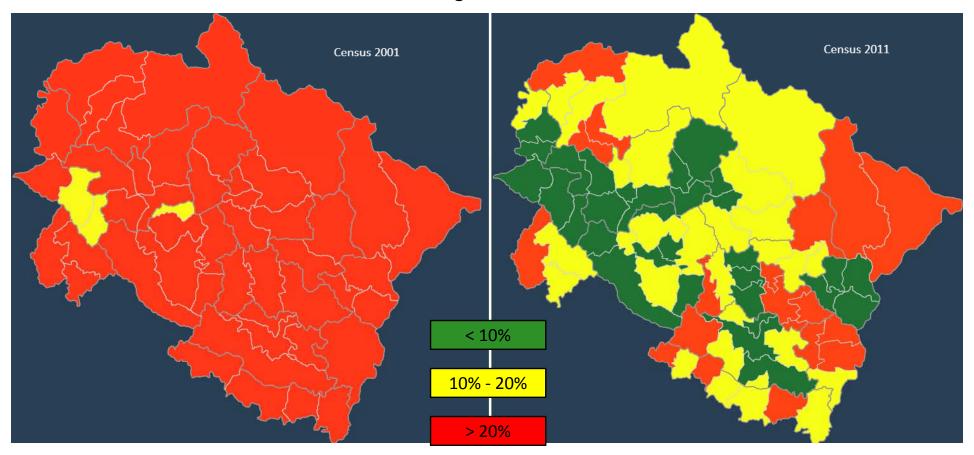




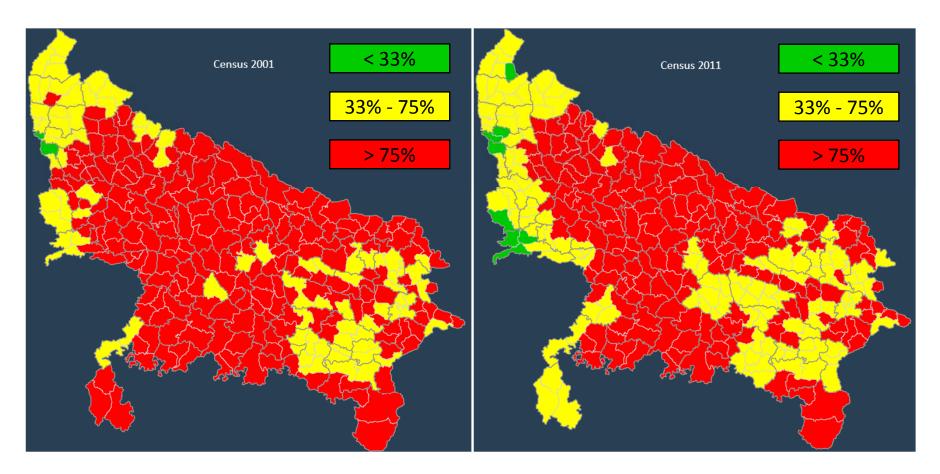
What changes have happened between 2001 and 2011?

Encouraging in some places

Kerosene as Source of Light in Rural Uttarakhand



Discouraging in some places!



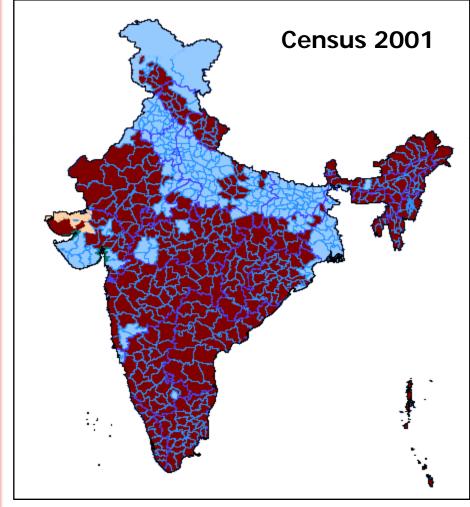
Kerosene as Source of Light in Rural Uttar Pradesh (2001) (2011)

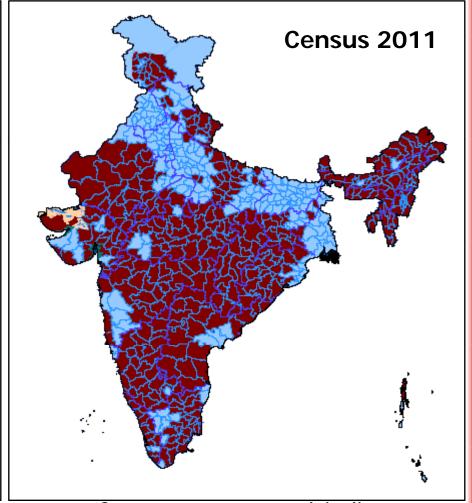
Not so encouraging in some cases

Use of Firewood in Rural sector

More than 62% households

More than 61% households



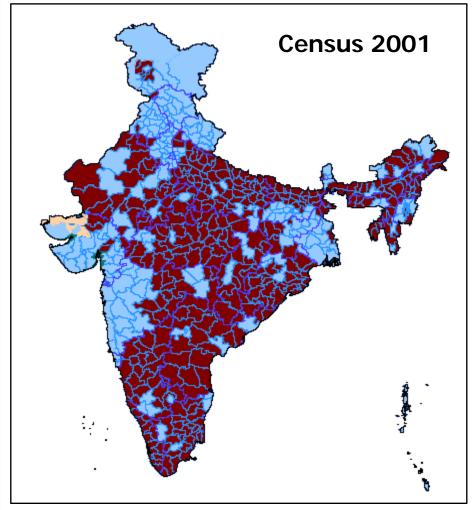


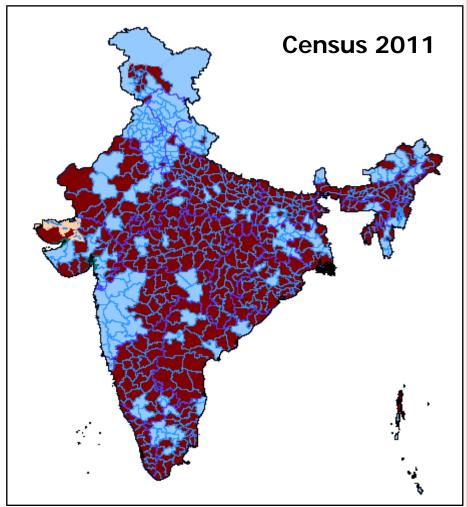
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Use of Firewood in Urban sector

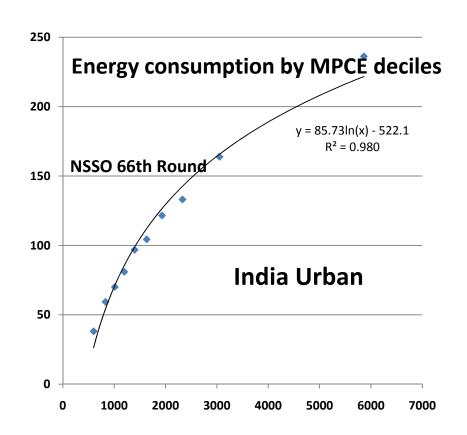
More than 25% households

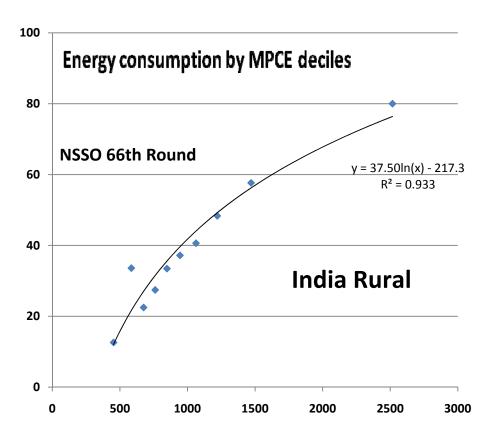
More than 20% households



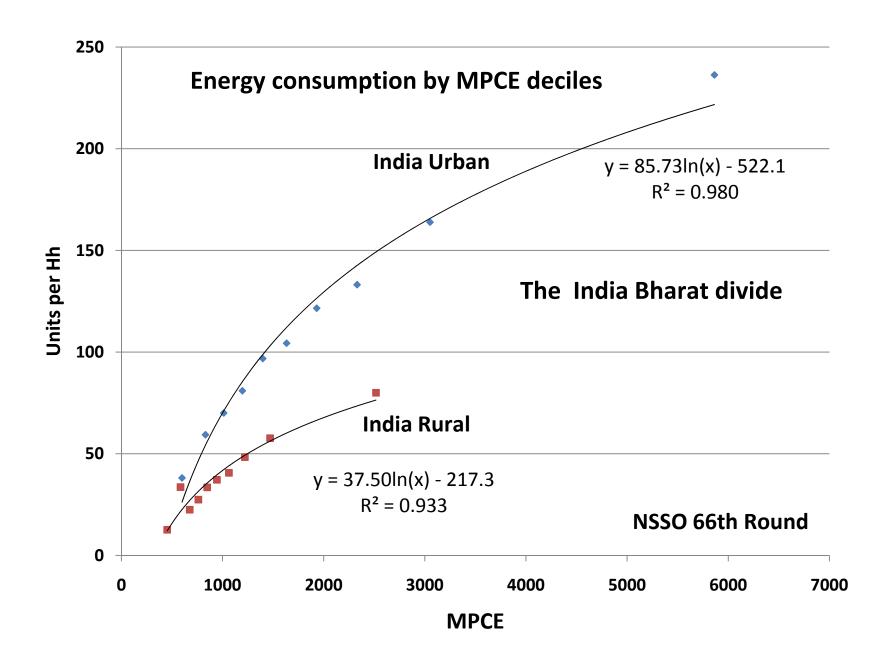


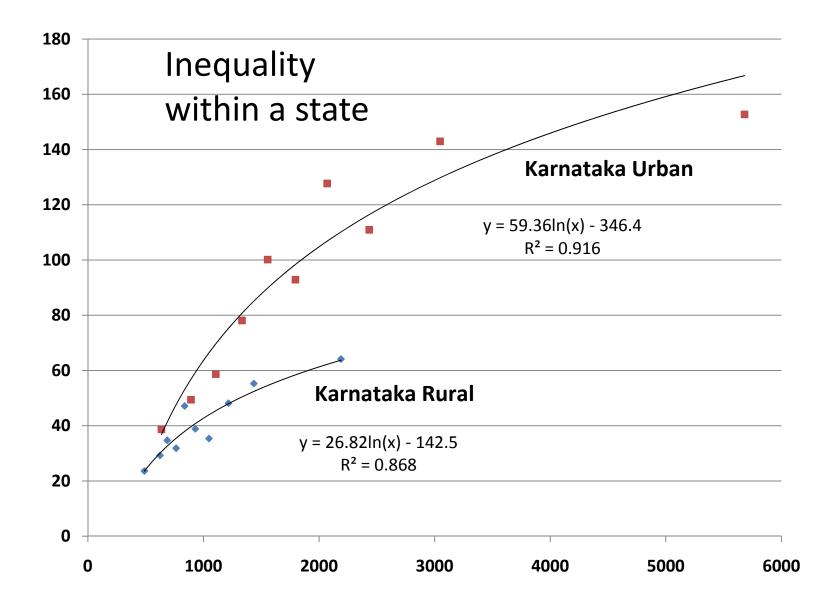
How Much?

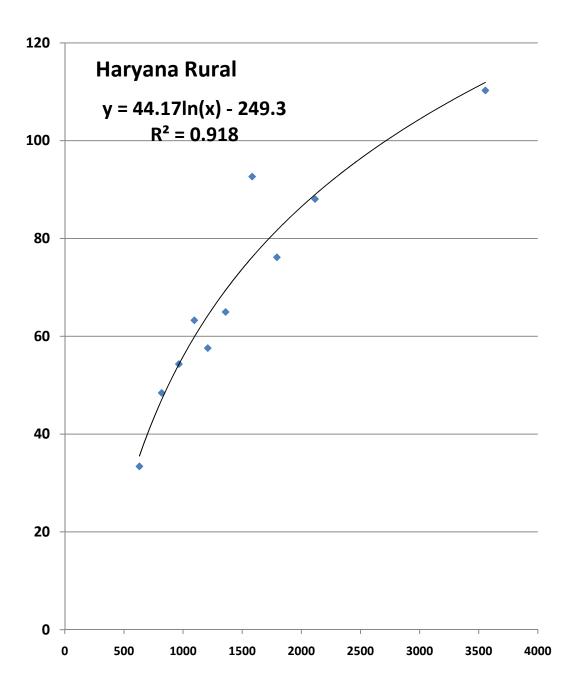




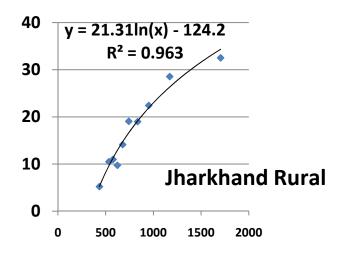
Energy consumption by MPCE deciles for Urban and Rural areas (NSSO 66th Round)







Inequality Between states



We therefore need to focus on

Governance issues, finance issues, regulatory issues, organisational issues and technology issues, to name a few.

There is a thus long and rich agenda before us.

I welcome you once again

THANK YOU